

APPENDIX 1 - VISION AND STRATEGIC ACTIONS APPRAISAL

The degree of compatibility between these and the sustainability objectives has been assessed using a colour coding system, along with a commentary. The colour coding is:-

- Green – Vision or Action accords with the objective;
- Yellow – Vision or Action would have a negative effect without mitigation, positive or neutral effect with mitigation;
- Blue – Vision or Action has no link to objective;
- Purple – Vision or Action has impact on the objective that cannot be quantified;
- Red – Vision or Action does not accord with the objective.

<p>Core Strategy Vision</p> <p>A network of thriving, safer and healthy communities, where people can enjoy a high quality of life and an increased sense of well-being and where new development simultaneously addresses the needs of the economy, communities and the environment.</p>	<p>Quality affordable and open market housing to meet the differing needs of the District's residents.</p>	<p>A growing and diversified economy that not only builds on, and extends, the important agriculture and tourism base but supports the creation of all types of employment.</p>	<p>An inclusive, equal and diverse district that has addressed the issues of deprivation and rural isolation.</p>	<p>A high quality environment that makes the most of its special qualities, particularly the coast, the Lincolnshire Wolds and the historic market towns</p>	<p>A commitment to tackling the causes and effects of global climate change through local action.</p>
<p>Sustainability Appraisal Objective</p>		<p>1. Protect and enhance the quality and distinctiveness of the areas' biodiversity (native plants and animals) and geodiversity.</p>	<p>While housing growth may have impacts on biodiversity, this is not necessary automatic. It will depend on the nature of the location of the site/s and so is difficult to predict in abstract.</p>	<p>There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.</p>	<p>Enhancing biodiversity can provide opportunities to meet the needs of climate change by, for example, sustainable drainage systems, providing spaces for wildlife to migrate to and breathing spaces in the shape of parks and additional tree planting.</p>
<p>2. Protect and enhance the quality and distinctiveness of the area's landscapes, townscapes and historic environment</p>		<p>Quality of the environment, including biodiversity, is an important part of quality of life. The requirement for the needs of the environment to be taken into account through this part of the vision will also support biodiversity.</p>	<p>While housing growth may have impacts on biodiversity, this is not necessary automatic. It will depend on the nature of the location of the site/s and so is difficult to predict in abstract.</p>	<p>There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.</p>	<p>This part of the vision and the objective are wholly compatible.</p>
<p>3. Protect natural resources from avoidable losses and pollution and minimise the impacts of unavoidable losses</p>		<p>The availability of natural resources and a pollution free environment are part of quality of life. This part of the vision also requires the needs of the environment are met in new development and this includes natural resources and potential</p>	<p>While housing growth may have impacts on biodiversity, this is not necessary automatic. It will depend on the nature of the location of the site/s and so is difficult to predict in abstract..</p>	<p>Economic growth, including an expanded agricultural sector, may have impacts on natural resources, in particular water resources. However, this is not necessary automatic. It will depend on the nature of the expansion and the location and so is difficult to predict in abstract.</p>	<p>In its broadest sense, this part of the vision and the objective are compatible, as a high quality environment should encompass its natural resources such as water, soil etc. As the vision goes on to talk</p>

pollutants.	abstract	about the environment in terms of landscape and townscape quality, the link becomes weaker as these can still exist if resources are depleted.	Addressing the risk of flooding is an important element of dealing with the effects of climate change/
4. Avoid the risk of flooding (where possible) and fully mitigate against the impacts of flooding where it cannot	The avoidance of and mitigation of any potential flood risk is important for quality of life.	There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.	There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.
5. Promote viable and diverse economic growth that supports communities within the district.	Working towards a vision of thriving communities will require economic growth and diversity of the local economy.	This part of the vision and the objective are wholly compatible.	There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.
6. Prioritise appropriate re-use of previously developed land and minimise the loss of the best agricultural land and greenfield sites.	There is no conflict between the vision and the objective but they are no strong link. Prioritising the use of brownfield land will protect greenfield land from development and bring potential environmental benefits but it is not essential to creating a network of thriving settlements.	This part of the vision is silent on the issue of previously used land, however, there is nothing inherent in the vision that creates a conflict.	There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.
7. Improve accessibility to key services, facilities, amenities and green infrastructure including the promotion of sustainable modes of access.	Working towards a vision of a network of thriving settlements will require communities to have access to appropriate services and facilities.	If employment is considered as part of the facilities, then there is a potentially positive link. However, this objective is more focused on community facilities and the link is less direct.	There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.
8. Increase reuse and recycling rates and minimise the production of waste.	There is no direct correlation between the vision and this objective.	There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.	There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.

			gases from landfill waste sites.
9. Support inclusive, safe and vibrant communities.	Safe and inclusive communities are an important part of this part of the vision.	Seeking to improve economic growth and employment opportunities is a contributory part of supporting inclusive and vibrant communities.	There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective, however, a high quality environment can add to the vibrancy of a community and create an atmosphere that feels safer.
10. Ensure that local housing needs are met.	The desire to provide quality affordable and market housing will support the objective of inclusive communities.	There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.	There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.
11. Increase energy efficiency and ensure appropriate sustainable design, construction and operation of new developments	The ability to access housing is an important part of quality of life and in meeting the needs of the whole community will contribute to this part of the vision.	There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.	Providing housing to meet local needs will be an important component of this part of the vision.
12. Encourage and provide the facilities and infrastructure for "healthy lifestyles	This part of the vision requires that development takes account of the needs of the environment in new development.	There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.	There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective, although increasing energy efficiency can reduce fuel poverty and therefore inequality.
13. Positively plan for, and minimise the effects of, climate change.	This part of the vision seeks to achieve healthy communities and the objective establishes the infrastructure to assist in that.	There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.	Increasing energy efficiency can help to reduce the use of fossil fuels and contribute to the causes of climate change.
			There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.
			There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.
			There is no direct link between this part of the vision and the objective.

Core Strategy Vision	To achieve our vision of a network of thriving, safer and healthy sustainable communities, where people can enjoy a high quality of life and an increased sense of well-being and where new development simultaneously addresses the needs of the economy, communities and the environment, we will:-				
Core Strategy Actions	Define a pattern of settlements and identify broad areas for growth.	Protect and enhance the vitality and viability of our town centres.	Require new development to contribute to improving the environmental quality of our spaces and places.	Protect and improve essential community facilities in towns and villages	Ensure that infrastructure is capable of accommodating planned growth.
Sustainability Appraisal Objective	1. Protect and enhance the quality and distinctiveness of the areas' biodiversity (native plants and animals) and geodiversity.	Policies of the plan will address this issue. However, the identified areas of growth may have an impact on the district's biodiversity which will require mitigation but this cannot be quantified until the Settlement Proposals stage when the location of these sites will be known.	Improving the quality of our places and spaces can help to protect and enhance opportunities for biodiversity.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective, as the biodiversity of the District is not really a Community facility. However, areas protected for recreation may also be of benefit to biodiversity.	If additional infrastructure is needed, it is not certain what the impact will be on biodiversity. There may be an impact on the district's biodiversity which will require mitigation but this cannot be quantified until the Settlement Proposals stage when the location of these sites will be known.
	2. Protect and enhance the quality and distinctiveness of the area's landscapes, townscapes and historic environment	Policies of the plan will address this issue. However, the identified areas of growth may have an impact on the district's	This action is compatible with the objective. A strong town centre will also have a high quality of landscape and, in the case of our	This action is wholly compatible with this objective.	If additional infrastructure is needed, it is not certain what the impact will be on landscape. There may be an impact

	historic market towns, a high quality historic environment.	on the district's landscapes which will require mitigation but this cannot be quantified until the Settlement Proposals stage when the location of these sites will be known.	land and buildings can help protect greenfield land and its role in the wider landscape. However, the redevelopment in itself no guarantee that the quality of the site under development will meet this objective, that will be dealt with at a policy level.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.
3. Protect natural resources from avoidable losses and pollution and minimise the impacts of unavoidable losses	Policies of the plan will address this issue. However, the identified areas of growth may have an impact on the natural resources which will require mitigation but this cannot be quantified until the Settlement Proposals stage when the location of these sites will be known.	Biodiversity is an important natural resource	If additional infrastructure is needed, it is not certain what the impact will be on natural resources. There may be an impact on the district's natural resources which will require mitigation but this cannot be quantified until the Settlement Proposals stage when the location of these sites will be known. Natural resources are not strictly "infrastructure" but it is still important that these resources are able to accommodate any additional growth.	Land itself is a finite resource, so by reusing land and buildings we can protect greenfield sites but this does not assist the objective in respect of pollution.	Land and buildings can help protect greenfield land and its role in the wider landscape. However, the redevelopment in itself no guarantee that the quality of the site under development will meet this objective, that will be dealt with at a policy level.
4. Avoid the risk of flooding (where possible) and fully mitigate against the impacts of flooding where it cannot	Policies of the plan will address this issue. However, the identified areas of growth may be affected by flood risk and require mitigation but this cannot be quantified until the Settlement Proposals stage when the location of these sites will	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	Availability of water infrastructure and flood defences and mitigation, where necessary, is an important part of local infrastructure provision.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.

	be known.	The settlement pattern will help to direct economic growth to the most appropriate areas.	The vitality and viability of our town centres is an important component of viable and diverse economic growth.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective, although improving the quality of places and space can help to promote economic investment in an area.	It is essential that appropriate infrastructure is available to meet the needs of economic growth over the plan period.	Although the reuse of land and buildings can play a part in economic growth, there is no direct cause and effect between the action and objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective. Although neighbourhood planning will be working to achieve this.
5. Promote viable and diverse economic growth that supports communities within the district.		Policies of the plan will address this issue. However, the identified areas of growth may be on greenfield sites but this cannot be quantified until the Settlement Proposals stage when the location of these sites will be known.	Development in the town centre to increase its vitality and viability will include reusing previously developed land.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective, although improving the quality of place and spaces can include the reuse of brownfield land.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	Not all infrastructure requires land take, e.g. electricity cables, water and sewerage pipes, however, some elements such as sewage treatment works, schools etc do. At this stage it is difficult to quantify where this will be located and whether brownfield sites will be available to accommodate it.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective. Although neighbourhood planning will be helping to bring these forward.
6. Prioritise appropriate reuse of previously developed land and minimise the loss of the best agricultural land and greenfield sites.		The settlement pattern is structured to recognise the role of services and facilities in settlements and, through the policies of the plan, to enable greater access.	A strong town centre will improve the range of services and facilities accessible to people.	Improving places and spaces can play a key role in improving green infrastructure.	The action and objective are wholly compatible.	Some elements of infrastructure provision will accord with this objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective, although neighbourhood planning will be helping to bring these forward.
7. Improve accessibility to key services, facilities, amenities and green infrastructure including the promotion of sustainable modes of access.		There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.
8. Increase reuse and recycling rates and minimise the production of waste.		The settlement pattern is intended to recognise and support the vibrancy of communities through their services and facilities.	A vital and viable town centre will help towards achieving this objective.	Improving the quality of places and spaces can help support an environment that feels safe and more vibrant.	Access to quality community facilities is a vital part of inclusive and vibrant communities.	Although the reuse of land and buildings can play a part in supporting communities, there is no direct cause and effect between the action and objective.	This action will help to support inclusive communities that are working to achieve their own objectives.
9. Support inclusive, safe and vibrant communities.							

10. Ensure that local housing needs are met.	The objective will ensure housing growth is met. How much of this is as a result of locally generated need and how much from inward migrations is difficult to address. The policies for affordable housing will reference the settlement pattern.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	While infrastructure does not ensure housing is provided to meet local need, it will be needed to deliver housing for a local need as much as any other form of development.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	Although the reuse of land and buildings can help provide affordable housing, there is no direct cause and effect between the action and objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective, although this may form part of neighbourhood planning.

		To achieve our vision of having a growing and diversified economy that not only builds on, and extends, the important agriculture and tourism base but supports the creation of all types of employment, we will:-			
Core Strategy Vision	To achieve our vision of having a growing and diversified economy that not only builds on, and extends, the important agriculture and tourism base but supports the creation of all types of employment, we will:-	Provide land for housing development to meet all residents housing needs until 2028.	Enable the provision of affordable homes to meet local needs and reduce the current shortfall of supply.	Encourage and enable business to locate and expand within the District.	Widen and support opportunities for high quality, sustainable tourism throughout the District.
Core Strategy Actions	Sustainability Appraisal Objective	1. Protect and enhance the quality and distinctiveness of the areas' biodiversity (native plants and animals) and geodiversity.	The Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment will be establishing if sufficient land can be made available to meet the district's needs to 2028. This will also take into account the needs of biodiversity. However, this cannot be quantified until the Settlement Proposals are prepared.	Any potential impacts on biodiversity will be assessed at the Settlement Proposals stage. Policies will also address this issue.	If the tourism delivered through this action is truly sustainable, it should take into account and mitigate any potential impacts on biodiversity.
		2. Protect and enhance the quality and distinctiveness of the area's landscapes, townscapes and historic environment	The Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment will be establishing if sufficient land can be made available to meet the district's needs to 2028. This will also take into account the needs of landscape and townscape. However, this cannot be quantified until the Settlement Proposals are prepared.	Any potential impacts on landscape will be assessed at the Settlement Proposals stage. Policies will also address this issue.	Increased reuse of farm buildings may bring about possible impacts on protected species, such as bats and owls, which favour these locations as habitats. The policies of the plan should be viewed as a whole and so policies for the reuse of these buildings should also take into account policies in the plan that require consideration to be taken of biodiversity.
		3. Protect natural resources from avoidable losses and pollution and minimise the impacts of unavoidable losses	The Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment will be establishing if sufficient land can be made available to meet the district's needs to 2028. This will also take into account the impact on natural resources. However,	Any potential impacts on natural resources will be assessed at the Settlement Proposals stage. Policies will also address this issue.	If the tourism delivered through this action is truly sustainable, it should take into account and mitigate any potential impacts on natural resources. At this stage, the actual impact on the landscape is difficult to quantify.
					If the tourism delivered through this action is truly sustainable, it should take into account and mitigate any potential impacts on natural resources.

	this cannot be quantified until the Settlement Proposals are prepared.	the policies of the plan, including that for consideration of impact on natural resources. The impacts cannot be quantified at this stage.	quantified at this stage.
4. Avoid the risk of flooding (where possible) and fully mitigate against the impacts of flooding where it cannot	Some of the District's areas of greatest need for affordable housing are in the areas of coastal flood risk. The Council cannot ignore the need that exists there and will ensure, through its policies that any development provided has a local connections criteria and fully mitigates against the potential impact. Without these policy mitigations, the assessment would be a negative.	Any impacts on or effects of flood risk in relation to significant areas of economic growth will be determined at the Settlement Proposals stage. Any individual applications for businesses to expand will be dealt with through the policies of the plan, including that for flood risk. The impacts cannot be quantified at this stage.	If the tourism delivered through this action is truly sustainable, it should take into account and mitigate any potential impacts on, or effects of, flood risk.
5. Promote viable and diverse economic growth that supports communities within the district.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective. While sufficient supply of housing is an important part of supporting communities, there is no causal link between providing housing and bringing forward economic growth.	The action and the sustainability objective are wholly compatible.	This action and sustainability objective are wholly compatible.
6. Prioritise appropriate re-use of previously developed land and minimise the loss of the best agricultural land and greenfield sites.	The Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment will be establishing if sufficient land can be made available to meet the district's needs to 2028. This will include an assessment of the amount of previously used land available. However, this cannot be quantified until the Settlement Proposals are prepared.	The locations of significant areas of economic growth in the district and their use of previously developed land will be dealt with at the Settlement Proposals stage. Any individual applications for businesses to expand will be dealt with through the policies of the plan, including that for reuse of previously developed land. The impacts cannot be quantified at this stage.	Increased development in rural areas has the potential to increase the use of greenfield land. However, the policies of the plan should be viewed as a whole and so policies for such development should also take into account policies that require the prioritisation of brownfield sites and avoid high grade agricultural land. Without this, there could be a negative impact.
7. Improve accessibility to key services, facilities, amenities and green infrastructure including the promotion of sustainable modes of access.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	Policies of the plan relating to affordable housing seek to locate new houses in locations with access to services and facilities.	If the tourism delivered through this action is truly sustainable, it should take into account and mitigate any potential impacts on local communities and should seek sustainable transport opportunities. There may also be opportunities for local

			employment through the action.
8. Increase reuse and recycling rates and minimise the production of waste.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	If the tourism delivered through this action is truly sustainable, it should include recycling and waste minimisation in its activities.
9. Support inclusive, safe and vibrant communities.	Ensuring that sufficient housing is provided to meet the District's housing need over the plan period is a key part of supporting inclusive and vibrant communities. Changes to the action to add the words "all residents" only seek to strengthen this.	Ensuring that sufficient affordable housing is provided to meet local housing need over the plan period is a key part of supporting inclusive and vibrant communities.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective, although the reuse of buildings could be viewed as reuse of local resources.
10. Ensure that local housing needs are met.	Ensuring that sufficient housing is provided to meet the District's housing need over the plan period is an important part of	The action and the sustainability objective are wholly compatible.	The creation of opportunities for economic investment in the district supports the objective of inclusive and vibrant communities.
11. Increase energy efficiency and ensure appropriate sustainable design, construction and operation of new developments	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective, however, housing by Registered Social Landlords is required to meet higher energy efficiency standards than general market housing and this will help to support this objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective, although there may be opportunities for local employment through this policy which would support vibrant communities.
12. Encourage and provide the facilities and infrastructure for "healthy lifestyles	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.
13. Positively plan for, and minimise the effects of, climate change.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	If the tourism delivered through this action is truly sustainable, it should include climate change resilience in its plans and should seek to minimise its own impact of climate change.

<p>Core Strategy Vision</p> <p>To achieve our vision of an inclusive, equal and diverse district that has addressed the issues of rural isolation and deprivation, we will:-</p>	<p>Cater for the accommodation needs of gypsies and travellers.</p> <p>Support community led initiatives that improve access to services and facilities in our rural communities.</p> <p>Help to tackle the causes of coastal deprivation.</p>	<p>Require new development to contribute to improving the environmental quality of our spaces and places.</p> <p>Conserve and enhance areas of international, national and locally designated wildlife sites, archaeology or natural history or landscape importance, in particular the Lincolnshire Wolds Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty, the Coastal Country Park, and the Coastal Grazing Marshes and Limewoods.</p>	<p>Ensure the protection of the links and connections between neighbouring areas to help safeguard wider natural and landscape character.</p> <p>Work with owners, partners and developers to conserve and enhance heritage assets and their settings.</p> <p>Links between communities can help provide wildlife corridors to the benefit of biodiversity.</p> <p>There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective, although some historic buildings (particularly farm buildings) may be habitat for protected species.</p>
<p>Sustainability Appraisal Objective</p> <p>1. Protect and enhance the quality and distinctiveness of the areas' biodiversity (native plants and animals) and geodiversity.</p>	<p>The Local Plan will seek to identify suitable location/s for gypsy and traveller sites. It also contains a policy for such sites. The policies of the plan should be viewed as a whole and so the policy for gypsy and traveller sites should also take into account policies in the plan that require consideration to be</p>	<p>Without knowing the location and nature of any initiatives that may help to tackle this issue, the likely impact cannot be determined. However, the policies of the plan should be viewed as a whole and so applications for such development should also take into account policies in the plan</p>	<p>Improved environmental quality should take into account, support and enhance the District's biodiversity.</p> <p>Some of the most sensitive habitats in the District, protected at international level of their biodiversity and the impacts of</p>

taken of biodiversity .	that require consideration to be taken of biodiversity.	any development of these sites is an important consideration and will be looked at through the Habitats Regulations Assessment being carried out in parallel to this assessment. However, the policies of the plan should be viewed as a whole and applications for development should take into account policies in the plan that require consideration to be taken of biodiversity.	The action and the sustainability objective are wholly compatible.
2. Protect and enhance the quality and distinctiveness of the area's landscapes, townscapes and historic environment	The Local Plan will seek to identify suitable location/s for gypsy and traveller sites. It also contains a policy for such sites which includes a requirement for the site to be appropriate in scale and form to its surroundings and be capable of being integrated into their surroundings with minimal harm to the character, appearance and amenities of the area.	Without knowing the location and nature of these initiatives, the likely impact cannot be determined. However, the policies of the plan should be viewed as a whole and so applications for such development should also take into account policies in the plan that require consideration to be taken of landscape quality.	The action and the sustainability objective are wholly compatible. Change to the action to specifically refer to archaeology do not alter this assessment.

3. Protect natural resources from avoidable losses and pollution and minimise the impacts of unavoidable losses	The Local Plan will seek to identify suitable location/s for gypsy and traveller sites. It also contains a policy for such sites. The policies of the plan should be viewed as a whole and so the policy for gypsy and traveller sites should also take into account policies in the plan that require consideration to be taken of the impact on natural resources.	Without knowing the location and nature of these initiatives, the likely impact cannot be determined. However, the policies of the plan should be viewed as a whole and so applications for such development should also take into account policies in the plan that require consideration to be taken of the impact on natural resources.	Increasing environmental quality, in its broadest sense, should include the protection of natural resources.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective, although the reuse of buildings can help to protect natural resources that would have been used in creating replacement new buildings.
4. Avoid the risk of flooding (where possible) and fully mitigate against the impacts of flooding where it cannot	The policy for gypsy and traveller sites requires them to be outside areas of flood risk. The Council is awaiting the results of a Gypsy and Traveller Study to identify areas of need. If need is shown to exist in flood risk areas, suitable mitigation in terms of design or occupation will be required.	Without knowing the location and nature of these initiatives, the likely impact cannot be determined. However, the policies of the plan should be viewed as a whole and so applications for such development should also take into account policies in the plan that require consideration to be taken of flood risk.	Without knowing the location and nature of any initiatives to tackle this issue, the likely impact cannot be determined. However, the policies of the plan should be viewed as a whole and so applications for development should take into account policies in the plan that refer to natural resources.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.
5. Promote viable and diverse economic growth that supports communities within the district.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	Without knowing the nature of these initiatives, the likely impact cannot be determined. There is potential for local economic development opportunities to emerge from community led initiatives.	Enhancing the landscape, in its broadest sense, should include the protection of natural resources.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.
6. Prioritise appropriate	Gypsy and Traveller	Without knowing	Without knowing	Conserving the

<p>re-use of previously developed land and minimise the loss of the best agricultural land and greenfield sites.</p>	<p>sites tend to be located on the edge of settlements, in part because of the potential impacts of the associated economic development that frequently takes place on these sites. This increases the potential that greenfield sites may be used, however, previously used land does exist in these locations. Until the sites in question are identified, this is difficult to quantify. However, the policies of the plan should be viewed as a whole and so policies for such development should also take into account policies that require the prioritisation of brownfield sites and avoid high grade agricultural land.</p> <p>7. Improve accessibility to key services, facilities, amenities and green infrastructure including the promotion of sustainable modes of access.</p>	<p>the location and nature of any initiatives to tackle this issue, the likely impact cannot be determined. However, the policies of the plan should be viewed as a whole and so applications for such development should also take into account policies in the plan that require consideration to be taken of the policies requiring the prioritisation of previously used land.</p> <p>There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.</p>	<p>Link between the action and the sustainability objective.</p> <p>historic environment frequently involves appropriate re-use of buildings, avoiding the use of greenfield sites.</p> <p>landscape may involve prioritising previously used land to the benefit of the landscape.</p> <p>link between the action and the sustainability objective, although improving the quality of the environment may include the use of previously developed land.</p> <p>the location and nature of any initiatives to tackle this issue, the likely impact cannot be determined. However, the policies of the plan should be viewed as a whole and so applications for development should also take into account policies in the plan that require the prioritisation of previously used land.</p> <p>There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.</p> <p>There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.</p> <p>There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.</p> <p>There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.</p> <p>There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.</p>
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9. Support inclusive, safe and vibrant communities.	This is difficult to quantify. Permanent sites are more likely to have a role to play in inclusive communities. However, transit sites are intended for the travelling community who are passing through the area and are not engaged with the rest of the community.	Community led initiatives are highly likely to bring forward projects that bring about inclusive, safe and vibrant communities.	Addressing issues relating to deprivation in coastal areas will seek to support more inclusive and vibrant communities.	Enhancing the District's buildings and areas of historic interest can help make communities more vibrant through creating places and of which people feel proud and care for.
10. Ensure that local housing needs are met.	Again, this is difficult to quantify. Permanent sites meet a local housing need for the travelling community with ties to the area, whereas a transit site fulfils no such need.	Deprivation in communities may have a housing based element and would help to support this objective. However, under new localism legislation, communities can bring forward their own proposals for housing for local need.	Improving environmental quality can contribute to creating more vibrant communities and making areas feel safer.	Enhancing the quality of the District's landscapes can help make communities more vibrant through creating places and environments of which people feel proud and care for.
11. Increase energy efficiency and ensure appropriate sustainable design, construction and operation of new developments	Catering for the accommodation needs of gypsies and travellers will not meet the objective to increase sustainable design and construction. Caravans are not able to meet the same construction standards that are applied to bricks and mortar housing.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective; however, any new development emerging from this action would have to take into account policies of the plan on relating to this objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective; however, there is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.
12. Encourage and provide the facilities and infrastructure for "healthy lifestyles"	Community initiatives could well include infrastructure for healthy lifestyles.	Deprivation in coastal communities is likely to have a health based element and any initiatives to address this would help to support this objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective, however, enhanced landscape quality may encourage more people to explore and take recreation in the countryside.	The provision of landscape connections between communities can help to provide green infrastructure which can help with healthy lifestyles.

13. Positively plan for, and minimise the effects of, climate change.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective, although any proposals should take this into account in their proposals.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective, although environmental improvements may include new greenspace which can contribute to Sustainable Urban Drainage Schemes and minimise the effects of climate change through carbon sequestration.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.
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Core Strategy Vision	To achieve our vision of a commitment to tackling the causes and effects of global climate change through local action, we will:-				
Core Strategy Actions	Maintain and enhance the Districts biodiversity.	Encourage new development to be energy-efficient and carbon neutral.	Support the economy of the coastal communities whilst not putting more people at risk from flooding.	Encourage new development to be water efficient.	Support the use of renewable energy but balanced against the protection of the District's distinct landscapes.
Sustainability Appraisal Objective	1. Protect and enhance the quality and distinctiveness of the areas' biodiversity (native plants and animals) and geodiversity.		There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	The impact of this objective is positive. The water demands of new development could impact on biodiversity through over extraction, resulting in reduced water flow or poor water quality.	There is a positive connection between the action and the sustainability objective.
2. Protect and	The biodiversity	There is no direct	There is no	There is no	Green

<p>enhance the quality and distinctiveness of the area's landscapes, townscapes and historic environment</p> <p>of the district, in particular its trees and other large scale landscape components, are part of the overall quality and distinctiveness of the landscape and help shape the type of landscapes have.</p> <p>3. Protect natural resources from avoidable losses and pollution and minimise the impacts of unavoidable losses</p>	<p>link between the action and the sustainability objective.</p> <p>The biodiversity of the district is part of its natural resource and this action will contribute to this objective. However, biodiversity is much more than a natural resource and should be valued for its intrinsic qualities and natural resources encompass much more than biodiversity.</p>	<p>direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.</p> <p>There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.</p>	<p>link between the action and the sustainability objective, although it should be ensured that flood mitigation measures included in development do not have a negative impact on townscape.</p> <p>There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.</p>	<p>direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.</p> <p>There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.</p>

environment in which people want to invest.	efficiencies to be made in use of resources, the degree to which this will impact on economic growth is uncertain.	has the potential to support economic growth.	development.	improvement to the local environment.
6. Prioritise appropriate re-use of previously developed land and minimise the loss of the best agricultural land and greenfield sites.	Although the action does not directly conflict with the objective, it has to be ensured that any previous developed land does not have a biodiversity value. In such cases, there is a possibility that the land may not be able to be developed. This is difficult to quantify without knowing the individual site that may be affected.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective, although development to support the coast may involve the reuse of previously developed land.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	The provision of green infrastructure may include reusing previously developed and which may already contain areas of biodiversity.
7. Improve accessibility to key services, facilities, amenities and green infrastructure including the promotion of sustainable modes of access.	Some areas of importance for biodiversity also have a role to play in green infrastructure.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	The action and the sustainability objective are wholly compatible.
8. Increase reuse and recycling rates and minimise the production of waste.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.

9. Support inclusive, safe and vibrant communities.	Enhancing biodiversity can improve the quality of the environment and contribute to creating more vibrant communities.	indirectly.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	Reducing flood risk can make a positive contribution to safer communities.
10. Ensure that local housing needs are met.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	Locating development to minimise traffic generation will direct development to sites more accessible to services and facilities, which has the potential to create more vibrant and inclusive communities and can provide a safer environment for pedestrians and cyclists.
11. Increase energy efficiency and ensure appropriate sustainable design, construction and operation of new developments	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	The action and the sustainability objective are wholly compatible.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.
12. Encourage and provide the facilities and infrastructure for "healthy lifestyles"	Some areas of importance for biodiversity also have a role to play in providing opportunities for recreation and healthier lifestyles.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.
13. Positively plan for, and minimise the effects of, climate change.	Enhancing the District's biodiversity may contribute to Sustainable Urban Drainage Schemes and	The action and the sustainability objective are wholly compatible.	The action and the sustainability objective are wholly compatible.	There is no direct link between the action and the sustainability objective.

	<p>minimise the effects of climate change through carbon sequestration. Creating enhanced networks of sites, can also help wildlife to respond to the effects of climate change through opportunities to migrate and adapt.</p>	<p>water are part of climate change and water efficiency in development will help to plan for the long term impacts of this element of climate change.</p>	<p>can help to minimise the effect of climate change.</p>